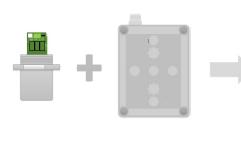


# Gas Detector for Methyl Ethyl Ketone (C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O) Combustible with analogue output

GC4H8O

Nov. 15





GCH3OH



XCH3OH xxx

C€

Replaceable sensor

#### **Features**

- Digital measurement value processing incl. temperature compensation
- Internal function control with integrated hardware watchdog
- Data / measured values sensor controller, therefore simple exchange uncalibrated <> calibrated
- High accuracy, selectivity and reliability
- Low zero point drift
- Long sensor life time
- Hardware & software according to SIL2 compliant development process
- Easy maintenance and calibration by exchange of the sensor unit or by comfortable on-site calibration
- 4 20 mA (or 2 10Vdc) analog output with selectable signal output for special mode, fault etc.
- Reverse polarity protected, overload and short-circuit proof
- Housing for integration of the sensor unit

#### **Technical Data**

Gas typeMethyl Ethyl Ketone ( $C_4H_8O$ )Detector elementPellistor (catalytic bead sensor)Power supply16-29Vdc, reverse-polarity

protected

Power consumption 70 mA, max. (1.7VA for 24V)

Analog output signal Proportional, overload and short-

circuit proof, load ≤ 500 Ohm

**4- 20mA or 2-10V** = meas. range **3.2 <4mA or 1.6-2V** = underrange

>20-21.6 mA or

10-10.8V = overrange 2.5 mA or 1.25V = fault, low >21.8mA or 10.9V = fault, high

Measuring range 0 – 100% LEL

Measurement interval2 sec.Accuracy± 1 % LELRelative gas density1.15Resolution0.2%Repeatability< 1% sig.</td>

t90 Time (time allowed for sensor to detect 90% of existing gas conc.)

**Zero point variation** 0.5%

Long-term zero-point drift < 0.3% LEL / month Long-term sensitivity drift < 1% LEL / month

Temperature range -20 to +50 °C (-4 to 122 °F)

Humidity range 5 - 95% r.H. non-condensing

10 sec.

Pressure range Atmospheric ± 20%

Sensor life time > 36 months/normal ambient

conditions

cont'd p. 2

#### **Design Features**

Exchangeable sensor unit including digital value processing, temperature compensation and self control for the continuous monitoring of the ambient air.

The gas detector unit houses a module with micro a controller, analog output and power supply in addition to the Pellistor sensor element including amplifier.

The micro controller calculates a linear  $4-20\,\text{mA}$  (or  $2-10\,\text{Vdc}$ ) signal out of the measurement signal and also stores all relevant measured values and data of the sensor element.

Calibration is done either by simply replacing the sensor unit or by using the comfortable, integrated calibration routine directly at the system.

#### **Application**

The gas detector is used for the detection of methyl ethyl ketone gases in the non-Ex zone when a typical 4–20mA (or 2–10Vdc) signal is required.

#### **Ordering Codes**

 GC4H8O 100C
 Gas Detector
 4-20mA, 24Vdc

 GC4H8O 100V
 Gas Detector
 2-10Vdc, 24Vdc

 XC4H8O 100C
 Replacement Sensor
 4-20mA, 24Vdc

 XC4H8O 100V
 Replacement Sensor
 2-10Vdc, 24Vdc

 Pduct
 Duct Mounting Kit

PZ1 Protective Cap IP65
PStain Stainless Steel housing

Automatikprodukter

### Technical data (cont'd)

Calibration interval<sup>1</sup> 6 months

5°C to 30°C (41°F to 86°F) Storage temperature

Storage time 6 months

**Poisoning** The sensitivity of Pellistor sensors can

be influenced by substances containing silicon compounds and even poisoned and destroyed by them.

Enclosure, sensor unit Polycarbonate UL 94 V2 RAL 7032 (light grey) **Enclosure colour** 

**Dimensions** 94 x 130 x 57 mm (3.7 x 5.1 x 2.2 in.)

Weight Appr. 0.2 kg **Packing volume** Appr. 4.5 I **Protection class** IP 65

Mounting height 0.2 m above floor Pre-embossed entries for 6 x M20/M25

cable / sensor unit

**Enclosure M25** Polycarbonate UL 94 V2 RAL 7032 (light grey) **Enclosure colour** 

**Dimensions** (D x H) 24 x 22 mm (0.94 x 0.87 in.)

Weight Appr. 30 g (0.066 lb)

**Protection class** IP 65

Mounting Screw mounting / M25

Wire connection Screw-type terminal min. 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup>,

max. 1.3 mm<sup>2</sup>,3-pin

**Directives** EMC directives 2004/108/EC, CE

Compliance with: EN 61010-1:2010, ANSI/UL 61010-1 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.

61010-1

Warranty 1 year on material (without sensor

element)

#### Special protection for persons and buildings

The devices are manufactured according to the regulations and various directives such as EN50545.

Products delivered by AP meet and even exceed the requirements stipulated by the new European standard EN50545.

The safety features check the connecting warning devices on functionality and open circuit - day and night.

(Level SIL2 according to EN 50271)

#### **Alarm levels**

0 - 100% LEL

Early alarm level set at 10% LEL Critical alarm level set at 20% LEL

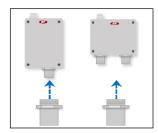
#### Set-up

4mA (2V) scale on analogue output signal for end of sensor life to a relay output or similar.

3.2mA scale and 21.6mA as sensor failure.

It is nevertheless a fault and these values can be used for diagnostics as an internal control function.

#### One or two detectors



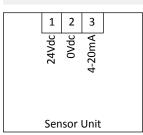


**Protective Cap** 



Stainless Housing

## **Wiring Configuration** 4-20mA



Current output

# **Wiring Configuration** 2-10Vdc

	1	2	3	
	24Vdc	0Vdc	2-10V	
Sensor Unit				
Voltage output				



**Duct Mounted Version** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Manufacturer recommended calibration interval for normal environmental conditions.



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#### General information

When and where is comprehensive monitoring needed to cover a large area? You may fear that leaks could occur over the whole area. One example could be a solvent storage depot. In similar places you have to assume that an area of 20 - 40 m² per detector could be affected depending on to what extent the vapours can spread (shelving, obstacles, etc.).

In a garage, the sensors are distributed rather evenly. It is estimated that no dangerously high concentrations would form in a garage between two detectors at the specified alarm thresholds with one detector covering 400 m<sup>2</sup>.

Concern about combustible gases has to be based on similar considerations with 80 - 120 m<sup>2</sup> per detector.

In a brewery, it is assumed that on a floor to be supervised the CO<sub>2</sub> will spread relatively evenly and close to the floor level.

In a storage depot one detector per 100 m<sup>2</sup> would probably be sufficient. It is important at on-site visits to detect the deeper located areas where CO<sub>2</sub> could accumulate. If there are several such places, each of these areas has to be monitored with (at least) one detector independent of the other detectors. In addition you would have to consider obstacles disturbing uniform spread of vapour.

For a comprehensive monitoring of toxic gases it is important to consider the rate of propagation for this gas. Chlorine for instance, diffuses only very slowly. One detector can monitor a maximum of 10 m<sup>2</sup>.

Ammonia is lighter than air and propagates easily. But if there is moisture somewhere between the leak and the detector, a great deal of ammonia will be bound there and the detector will only detect a small amount of gas.

If there are ice deposits in cold stores, the ammonia will also be bound there and a detector will detect nothing. In this respect there is no general statement for a comprehensive monitoring, but in most applications this is not necessary.