Actuator Installation instruction



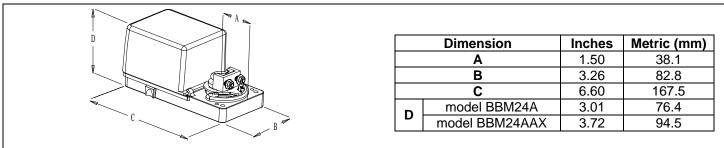
Feature:

- Mounts easy on round & square shaft (with option –8).
- External clutch for manual adjustments.
- Maintenance free.
- Position indicator.
- Control signal fully programmable.
- Auxiliary switches (on model AAX).

	New Number
BBM24A	BM400
BBM24AAX	BM420

Technical	BBM24A	BBM24AAX		
Data	BM400	BM420		
Auxiliary switches	No	Yes (2)		
Power consumption	4 \	4 VA		
Torque	50 in.lb. [5,6 Nm	50 in.lb. [5,6 Nm] at rated voltage		
Running time through 90º	90 sec. à 60 Hz,	90 sec. à 60 Hz, 100 sec. à 50 Hz		
Feedback	4 to 20 mA or 2 to 10 VDC adjustable			
Power supply	22 to 2	22 to 26 VAC		
Electrical connection	18 AWG [0.8 r	18 AWG [0.8 mm ²] minimum		
Inlet bushing	2 inlet bushing of 5/8 in [15.9 mm] & 7/8 in [22.2 mm]			
Control signal	Analog, Digital or Pulse width modulation (PWM) programmable (factory set with Analog control signal)			
Angle of rotation	0 to 90 degrees, mechanically adjustable (factory set with 90° stroke)			
Direction of rotation	Reversible, Clockwise (CW) or Counterclockwise (CCW) (factory set with CW direction)			
Ambient temperature	0°F to +122°F [-18° C to +50° C]			
Storage temperature	-22°F to +122°F [-30° C to +50° C]			
Relative Humidity	5 to 95 % non condensing.			
Weight	3 lbs. [1.4 kg]			
	Warning: Do not press the clutch when	n actuator is powered		

Dimensions

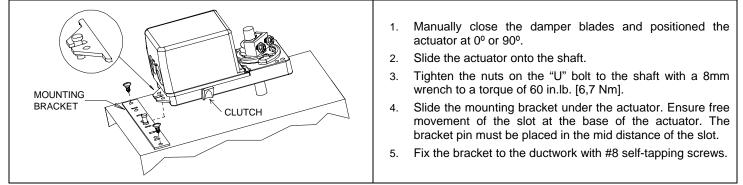


Caution

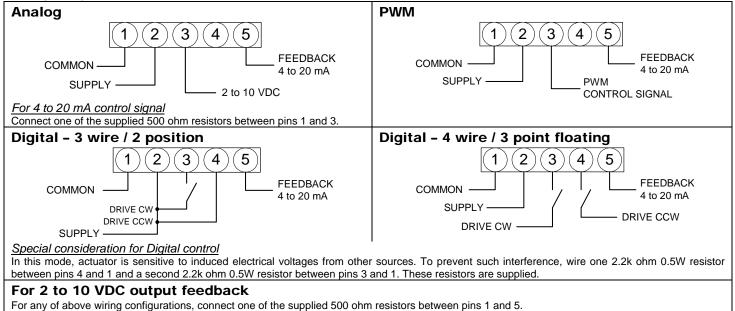
We strongly recommend that all neptronic® products be wired to a separate transformer and that transformer shall service only neptronic® products. This precaution will prevent interference with, and/or possible damage to incompatible equipment. When multiple actuators are wired on a single transformer, polarity must be observed. Long wiring runs create voltage drop which may affect the actuator performance.

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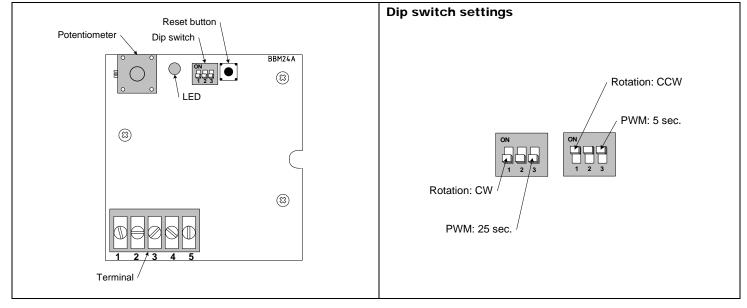
Mechanical installation



Wiring Diagrams



PC Board



1.	Apply power and, wait for at least 10 seconds.
2.	Press and release the reset button to start the auto-stroke process. The LED should be illuminated.
	 First option: The actuator will then travel in both directions to find it's limit and position itself according to the demand. The LED will extinguish, the process is complete.
	 Second option: When the desired end position is reached, press and release the reset button. The actuator will now return back to its original position. (you can also press and release the reset button when It's reaches the original position) The LED will extinguish, the process is complete.
rogra	mming - Change of control signal
1.	Remove power and put all dip switches "OFF". (factory preset).
2.	Apply power and, within 10 seconds, press and release the reset button. The LED should be blinking.
3.	Select the control signal with dip switches:
	 <u>Digital</u> (On/Off or 3 point floating) move switch <u>No1</u> "ON" and then "OFF".
	• <u>PWM</u> move switch <u>No2</u> "ON" and then "OFF".
	 <u>Analog</u> (factory preset) move switch <u>No3</u> "ON" and then "OFF".
4.	Stroke adjustment
	see the stroke adjustment section above.
	PWM mode is selected:
	 Time base : When programming is done, if switch No3 is "on" time base is 0.1 to 5 sec. (resolution 20 msec.) if switch No3 is "off" time base is 0.1 to 25 sec. (resolution 100 msec.) * For 5 sec. time base, we strongly recommend a switch common connection for better position stability.
	Switch 24 VAC: Triac or dry contact, 40mA maximum switching current.
	Switch common: NPN transistor, SCR, Triac or dry contact 75mA maximum switching current.

To select CCW direction put switch No1 "ON".

In Analog or 3 point floating mode you can program the feedback control.

If switch No3 is "OFF": The feedback control is automatically reverse to 4 to 20 mA for 90 to 0 degrees. If switch No3 is "ON": The feedback control is to 20 to 4 mA for 90 to 0 degrees.





Zero and span calibration

This feature is applicable to analog control signal only.

- 1. Remove power and put all dip switches "OFF". (factory preset).
- 2. Apply power and, **within 10 seconds** press and hold the reset button until the LED blinks once. The Zero and span calibration process then start.
- 3. Release the reset button. The LED is now constantly illuminated.
- Apply new minimum voltage. It can be any value between 0 to 7 VDC, with an external 0 to 10 volt supply (ex: MEP).
- 5. Press and release the reset button to memorize the new minimum voltage. The LED blinks once.
- Apply new maximum voltage.
 It can be any value between 3 to 10 VDC, this value should be greater than the new minimum value.
- 7. Press and release the reset button to memorize the new maximum voltage. The LED blinks once. The Zero and span calibration process is complete.

Note: To reset zero and span to 2 to 10 VDC (factory value). You just have to re-select the analog control signal mode, see Programming.

